The Student Achievement Institute aims to cultivate self-directed learners who demonstrate intellectual curiosity and a commitment to environmental stewardship.

Each domain is distinct yet deeply interwoven:

- Reading builds vocabulary, comprehension, and exposure to structure.
- Writing allows for expression, synthesis, and reflection.
- **Speaking** fosters fluency, oral language development, and real-time processing.

The central overlap where all three meet is where deep literacy lives: the ability to interpret, express, and communicate ideas across modalities.

### **Language Arts**

Proficiency in language use is assessed by their attainment of the learning outcomes.

The following areas are included in language learning:

- Listening and Viewing
- Reading and Viewing
- Speaking and Representing
- Writing and Representing
- Grammar
- Vocabulary

# **Math**

Proficiency in mathematics is assessed by their attainment of the learning outcomes.

#### Support for Mathematics

#### **Lower Grades**

At the lower primary levels, the math program focuses on building a strong foundation in basic numeracy skills. It provides targeted support and intervention for students who require additional help in understanding core mathematical concepts and skills.

## **Middle and Upper Grades**

In middle primary, the program provides targeted support to help students consolidate their understanding of previously introduced mathematical concepts.

- Kindergarten: Students are introduced to basic counting, shapes, and patterns through hands-on activities and games.
- Grades 1-2: The curriculum focuses on building number sense, addition and subtraction skills, and measurement concepts using visual aids and manipulatives.
- Grades 3-5 (Middle Primary): Targeted support helps students strengthen their grasp of multiplication, division, fractions, and problem-solving strategies.
- Grades 6-8 (Middle School): Learners explore more advanced topics such as decimals, percentages, geometry, data interpretation, and introductory algebra, with a focus on connecting math to real-life situations.
- Grades 9-10 (Early High School): Instruction covers algebraic reasoning, linear equations, graphing, probability, and statistics, encouraging critical thinking and analytical skills.
- Grades 11-12 (Senior High School): The program prepares students for post-secondary study or careers by offering calculus, advanced statistics, trigonometry, and discrete mathematics, along with opportunities for independent research and application.

# **Teaching Approach**

Teachers and students achieve their objectives through small group teaching, allowing for focused instruction and more individualized attention to the learning needs of each student.

### **Science Grades K-12**

Science education is central to the framework. The outermost layer illustrates three key domains: core ideas, practices, and values. Collectively, these elements form a comprehensive and holistic science curriculum.